



Year: 2020 – 2021	Subject: Obstetrics& Gynecology Medicine (Med322)
Specialty: Obstetrics Nursing	3 <sup>rd</sup> year "Undergraduate"
Date: 116/3/2021	Total Marks: 50 Marks
Time allowed : 2 hours	Prof. Mohammad Hafez

**Answer the following questions:**

**Question no (1): Choose the correct answer (10 marks)**

- 1. Considering a case of follicular cyst it needs all of the following except....**
  - a. Assurances follow up.
  - b. OCPs.
  - c. Usually surgical removal.
  - d. Repeated ultrasound.
- 2. Ovarian tumors which may produce chorionic gonadotropins include...**
  - a. Dysgerminoma.
  - b. Teratoma.
  - c. Choriocarcinoma.
  - d. All of the above.
  - e. None of the above.
- 3. Pathology of endometriosis may be explained by:**
  - a. Coelemic metaplasia.
  - b. Endometrial hyperplasia.
  - c. Retrograde menstruation.
  - d. Intraperitoneal immunologic deficit.
  - e. Lymphatic diffusion.
- 4. Endometrial carcinomas associated with estrogen therapy “caused by unopposed estrogen therapy”...**
  - a. Well differentiated.
  - b. Are deeply invasive.
  - c. Are sensitive to progesterone therapy.
  - d. Generally have poor prognosis.
  - e. Have high rates of recurrence.



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- 5. Dysfunction uterine bleeding is defined as abnormal uterine bleeding.**
- Secondary to hormonal dysfunction.
  - Caused by cancer.
  - In patient with von Willebrand's disease.
  - With no organic cause.
  - Caused by endometrial polyp.
- 6. The following complications during pregnancy increase the risk of postpartum hemorrhage except..**
- Hypertension.
  - Macrosomia.
  - Twins pregnancy.
  - Hydraminous.
- 7. What is the most common side effect with methotrexate therapy for ectopic pregnancy..**
- Transient pelvic pain 3-7 days after starting treatment.
  - Stomatitis.
  - Bone marrow suppression.
  - Gastritis.
- 8. Placenta previa all true except..**
- Shock out of proportion of bleeding.
  - Malpresentations.
  - Head not engaged.
  - Painless bleeding.
- 9. Most important cause of immediate postpartum hemorrhage..**
- Laceration of cervix.
  - Laceration of vagina.
  - Uterine atony.
  - Placental fragment retention.
- 10. Factors favoring long anterior rotation include all except...**
- Correction of the deflexion.
  - Adequate pelvis.
  - Good pelvic floor.
  - Rupture of membrane.



**Question no (2): Define the following: (10 marks)**

1. Hyper emesis gravidarum.
2. Normal labor.
3. Habitual abortion.
4. Menopause.
5. Primary infertility.

**Question no (3): Give short note on: (12 marks)**

1. Treatment of eclampsia.
2. Detection of ovulation.

**Question no (4) answer the following cases: (18 marks)**

1. Mrs Nagla 32 years old uses intrauterine contraceptive device as a method of contraception in the last 3 years. She usually feels the threads of IUD monthly after the end of this period she cannot feel the threads.
  - a. What is the management of this case.
  - b. Complication of IUD.
  - c. Contraindication of action of IUD.
2. Mrs norhan 29 years old G 3 P2+0, 29 weeks presented by sudden gush of fluid from the vagina. She was diagnosed as premature rupture of membrane.
  - a. Cause of premature rupture of membrane.
  - b. Complication of premature rupture of membrane.
  - c. Management of this case.

**Good luck**

**Dr. Mohammad Hafez**