



<b>Year:</b> 2022/2023	Development of thinking skills
Undergraduate Exam (Credit hour)	Final Term Exam / second level
<b>Date:</b> 11/1/2023	<b>Total Grades:</b> (50 markes)
<b>Time Allowed:</b> 2 hours.	Dr. Ghada Mossad EL-Ghabbour

### Question No. (1): (30 marks): Read the following statements and put (T) for true statement and (F) for false statement.

1	The Delphi technique is a formal procedure for obtaining the consensus of several	
1	experts through the use of a series of questionnaires that participants don't meet.	
2	An occurrence variance report is an internal form that documents the details of	
	the event to take corrective actions.	
3	Non-programmed decisions are related to exceptional situations for which there	
	are no established procedures.	
4	The innovative decision: is made when problems are unusual and unclear and	
	creative and novel solutions are necessary	
5	The strategic decisions are those made by middle-top executives that commit	
	valuable agency resources to achieve major, long-term goals.	
6	Administrative decisions are made by top managers. They resolve unusual	
	problems and develop techniques to improve functions.	
7	Problem-solving is a process of overcoming difficulties that appears to interfere	
	with the attainment of a goal	
8	The inductive method is very slow and lengthy.	
9	The Six Thinking Hats technique helps to improve the quality of decision	
	making.	
10	Metacognition aim to help learners think about their own learning more	
	explicitly.	
11	Brainstorming is a process designed to obtain the minimum number of ideas	
	relating to a specific area of interest.	
12	The routine decisions: refer to decisions made when problems and alternative	
	solutions are unusual and only partially understood.	
13	Thinking is usually initiated by a problem and goes through a sequence of steps.	
14	People with creative thinking are great problem-solvers and have a structured and	
	methodical way of approaching tasks.	
15	Convergent thinking is often used in conjunction with Lateral thinking.	
16	One of the leader/ teacher's roles is encourage free, off-the-wall, creative	
	thinking, without criticism.	





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17	The strategic decisions: are those made by mid-level managers to resolve unusual	1
	problems and develop innovative methods for improving agency function	
18	Mind mapping is simply a diagram that is used to visually represent or outline	
	information.	<u> </u>
19	The ability to think means that we can plan, prepare, imagine and fantasize but	
	thinking can cause many problems.	
20	Inductive reasoning is deduced or draw conclusion from a set of initial assertions	
	or premises; where as in deductive reasoning start from available evidence to	
	generate a conclusion about the likelihood of something.	
21	A concept of thinking is a general idea that stands for a general class and	
	represents the common characteristics of all objects or events of this general	
	class.	
22	The programmed decisions are those that occur under nonroutine, unfamiliar	
	circumstances.	
23	Administrative decisions tend to be taken by the top layer of management in an	
	organization and focus on major, long-term goals.	
24	The difference between what is thinking and what is not thinking is just our	
	awareness about the particular thinking process.	
25	Reasoning is also one of the key aspects of thinking, it represents objects,	
	activities, ideas, or living organisms.	
26	Analytical thinking an ability to separate a whole into its basic parts in order to	
	examine the parts and their relationships.	
27	Divergent thinking is a thought process or method used to generate creative ideas	
	by exploring many possible solutions	
28	Thinking is constantly initiated by a problem and goes through a sequence of	
	steps such as judging, abstracting, inferring, reasoning, imagining, and	
	remembering	
29	Six thinking hats were developed by Edward de Bono	L
30	Members wearing the Black Hat are generally very: Positive and Optimistic	
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#### **Question No. (2): (20 marks):** Choose the correct answer:

1	Which color of hat is represented with emotions, intuitions and feelings symbolizes?	
	a. Blue	b. White
	c. Green	d. Red
2	Colors represented in the Six Thinking Hat Method is?	
	a. yellow	b. Red
	c. Black	d. All of above





3	Which color of hat is represented with facts, figures, data, and information?	
	a. Blue	b. Green
	c. White	d. Red
4	Which color of hat represent Creativity?	
	a. Blue	b. Green
	c.White	d. Red
5	Kaoru Ishikawa developed	•
	a. Fishbone diagram	b. tree diagram
	c. scatter diagram	d. spot A Shewhart
6	Which map is used to classify?	
	a. Brace Map	b. Tree Maps
	c. Multi-Flow Map	d. Bridge Map
7	What is a Multi-Flow Map used for?	
	a. Show Cause and Effect	b. describe
	c. Compare and Contrast	d. classify
8	What is a Brace Map used for?	
	a. Deconstructing	b. Compare and Contrast
	c. Show sequence	d. describe
9	Selecting a best course of action among th	ne alternatives is called as
	a. decision making	b. planning
	c. organizing	d. controlling
10	The decisions which are frequent ar	nd repetitive in nature are called
	as	
	a. non-programmed decisions	b. programmed decisions
	c. major decisions	d. operative decisions
11	What are characteristics of a programmed	decision?
	a. Complex and risky	b. Uncertain and non-routine
	c. Routine and non-complex	d. Low risk and certain
12	Decision making begins with	
	a. Selecting alternatives	b. Identifying a problem
	c. Identifying decision criteria	d. Eliminating false alternatives
13	Thinking is a constructive process involve	es a number of mental activities such as
	a. inferring	b. judging,
	c. imagining,	d. All of the above
14		
	reorganization of all the relevant experien	l .
	a. Creative Thinking	b. Reflective Thinking





	c. Analytical thinking	d. Abstract thinking
15	is a learning habit that requires skill as well as specific understanding of	
	the contexts in which creativity is being applied.	
	a. Creativity	b. Innovation
	c. Creative Thinking	d. critical Thinking
16	First step in process of problem solving is	to
	a. Recognizing the Problem	b. Defining the Problem
	c. Organization of Data	d. Drawing of Conclusions
17	Second step in process of problem solving	g is to
	a. Recognizing the Problem	b. Defining the Problem
	c. Organization of Data	d. Drawing of Conclusions
18	The final step in process of problem solving	ng is to
	a. Recognizing the Problem	b. Drawing of Conclusions
	c. Organization of Data	d. Testing conclusions
19	Strategic decisions tend to be taken by the	of management in an organization.
	a. First level	b. Middle level
	c. Top level	d. Middle- and first levels
20	Administrative decisions are made by managers.	
	a. First level	b. Middle level
	c. Top level	d. Middle- and first levels

Good luck

Dr\ Ghada Ghabbour